

CLINICAL MEDICAL POLICY		
Policy Name:	Long-Term Use Continuous Glucose Monitoring of Interstitial Fluid	
Policy Number:	MP-040-MD-PA	
Responsible Department(s):	Medical Management	
Provider Notice Date:	08/15/2017	
Original Effective Date:	09/15/2017	
Annual Approval Date:	07/15/2018	
Revision Date:	06/21/2017	
Products:	Gateway Health <sup>sM</sup> Medicaid	
Application:	All participating hospitals and providers	
Page Number(s):	1 of 16	

## DISCLAIMER

Gateway Health<sup>sm</sup> (Gateway) medical policy is intended to serve only as a general reference resource regarding coverage for the services described. This policy does not constitute medical advice and is not intended to govern or otherwise influence medical decisions.

# **POLICY STATEMENT**

Gateway Health<sup>sM</sup> provides coverage under the durable medical equipment (DME) benefits of the Company's Medicaid products for medically necessary long-term use of continuous glucose monitors.

This policy is designed to address medical necessity guidelines that are appropriate for the majority of individuals with a particular disease, illness or condition. Each person's unique clinical circumstances warrant individual consideration, based upon review of applicable medical records.

(Current applicable Pennsylvania HealthChoices Agreement Section V. Program Requirements, B. Prior Authorization of Services, 1. General Prior Authorization Requirements.)

#### **DEFINITIONS**

**Prior Authorization Review Panel** – A panel of representatives from within the Pennsylvania Department of Human Services who have been assigned organizational responsibility for the review, approval, and denial of all PH-MCO Prior Authorization policies and procedures.

**Hypoglycemic Unawareness** – A complication in which a diabetic patient is unaware of a precipitous drop in blood sugar (due to failure to trigger the secretion of epinephrine that would normally generate characteristic symptoms of hypoglycemia that serve to warn the patient of decreasing blood glucose levels). Hypoglycemia unawareness may result in prolonged exposure to hypoglycemia, resulting in a seizure, loss of consciousness, or brain damage. The development of hypoglycemia unawareness may also make intensified blood glucose control more difficult, and put the patient at risk for severe hypoglycemia-related complications.

**Continuous Glucose Monitoring Devices** – Devices that measure interstitial glucose at regular interval throughout the day, producing data that shows the trends in glucose measurements.

**Hypoglycemia** – A condition characterized by abnormally low blood glucose levels, usually less than 70 mg/dL. Symptoms may include: shakiness, nervousness, sweating, chills and clamminess, confusion including delirium, hunger and nausea and tachycardia.

**Severe Hypoglycemia** – A condition that is the result of a blood sugar level that drops below 35-40 mg/dL. Assistance is required by another individual to treat this condition. If left untreated, permanent neurological damage and death can occur. Symptoms may include seizures or convulsions, loss of consciousness, coma and hypothermia.

## **PROCEDURES**

This medical policy addresses the long-term use of the continuous glucose monitor (CGM) as part of the durable medical equipment (DME) benefit. The provider use of short-term CGM (3 to 7 days) is a covered service and is not addressed in this policy.

- 1. The following medical necessity criteria must be met:
  - A. The patient must be diagnosed with Type 1 diabetes and must be receiving insulin therapy; AND
  - B. The patient must be aged 25 years and older; AND
  - C. The prescribed CGM device must be appropriate for the age of the patient, per FDA approval; AND
  - D. The provider must assess and document in the medical record that the patient is motivated to control his or her diabetes and has the ability to operate and use the device; AND
  - E. The patient has completed a comprehensive diabetic education program; AND
  - F. The patient's medical record must have documentation by an endocrinologist of recurrent unexplained, severe hypoglycemia (blood glucose levels equal to or less than 50 mg/dL) in a 30-day period with hypoglycemic unawareness despite appropriate modifications in insulin regimen and compliance with frequent self-monitoring (at least 4 finger sticks per day); Acceptable forms of severe hypoglycemia would include:
    - Recurrent unexplained severe hypoglycemic unawareness demonstrated by reports of short-term (72-hour) CGM and/or an individual comprehensive patient's log of self-monitored blood sugars; AND
    - 2) A completed Hypoglycemia Awareness Questionnaire (see Attachment A); AND
  - G. The patient has been unable to achieve an A1C level of 8% or less for two consecutive readings within the last 12 months with evidence of cardiovascular, oncologic, neurologic, or metabolic comorbidities; OR
  - H. Macrovascular or microvascular diabetic complications, e.g., retinopathy, neuropathy, or nephropathy; OR

I. Patients with Type 1 diabetes who are pregnant (pre-gestational), and their diabetes is poorly controlled. Symptoms of poorly controlled Type 1 diabetes would include: unexplained hypoglycemic episodes, hypoglycemic unawareness, suspected postprandial hyperglycemia, and diabetic ketoacidosis.

NOTE: Coverage for continuous glucose monitoring is intended to complement, not replace, the information obtained from finger stick values.

Remote glucose monitoring and remote, mobile communication devices that use a wireless connection to transmit glucose levels are not considered medically necessary.

Artificial pancreas systems, including but not limited to, closed-loop monitoring devices with low glucose suspend features are not covered and considered experimental and investigational.

Replacement of CGM systems are not covered while the device is still covered under the manufacturer's warranty; nor the replacement of a properly functioning CGM system when additional/special features are not medically necessary or expected to contribute towards improving the patient's glycemic control and/or reducing the incidence of hyper- or hypoglycemia.

# **Component Replacement**

- Code A9276 is reimbursable per unit; one unit equals one day supply. Sensor replacement is based on manufacturer recommendation. Typically sensor replacement is between 3 and 7 days.
- Code A9277 (transmitter device) is limited to the device manufacturer's recommended replacement guidelines, not to exceed 4 in 12 months
- Code A9278 (receiver device) is limited to 1 device in a 12 month period

NOTE: Transmitter devices (A9277) with non-replaceable batteries (e.g., silver oxide) may require more frequent replacement (e.g., every 6 months).

#### 2. Contraindications

No contraindications were identified. There are warnings related to the use of several medications, such as acetaminophen, causing incorrect findings.

3. When personal continuous glucose monitors are not covered

Continuous glucose monitors are not covered for conditions other than those listed above because the scientific evidence has not been established. Conditions not covered include Type 2 diabetes, pregnancy with Type 2 diabetes or gestational diabetes, nondiabetic patients following gastric bypass surgery, or patients with nesidioblastosis (primary islet cell hypertrophy). Requests for CGM in these types of situations will be denied as not medically necessary.

No coverage will be provided for additional software that may be required for downloading data from a CGM to a computer for further management of patient's diabetes. This is considered a convenience item and is not medically necessary.

Remote glucose monitoring is unproven and considered not medically necessary for managing patients with diabetes. There is insufficient evidence in the clinical literature to conclude that remote glucose monitoring demonstrates improvement in clinical outcomes.

## 4. Post-payment Audit Statement

The medical record must include documentation that reflects the medical necessity criteria and is subject to audit by Gateway Health⁵ at any time pursuant to the terms of your provider agreement.

## 5. Durable Medical Equipment (DME)

CGM devices are available by prescription only and are considered DME. Insertion of the sensors into the subcutaneous tissue can be performed by the patient or caregiver after training by a professional health care provider.

#### 6. Place of Service

The place of service is outpatient under the DME benefit.

# **GOVERNING BODIES APPROVAL**

There are several continuous glucose monitoring devices approved by the FDA. It is important to note that FDA approval for CGM devices in the US still includes the recommendation that all treatment decisions (high or low glucose readings) be based on finger stick blood glucose and NOT on CGM sensor readings.

## **FDA Approved Devices**

Device	Description
Dexcom® Seven®Plus	FDA-approved device for up to 7 days of continuous use. With this system,
Dexcom™ STS	a glucose sensor is inserted under the skin, and the wireless transmitter
Dexcom™ G4 Platinum	sends glucose reading to the receiver every 5 minutes. The wireless
	receiver displays glucose trends. Approved for use in patients 18 and older
	(2012). In 2014, the FDA expanded the use of the Platinum device to
	include patients aged 2 to 17.
Dexcom Share	This is a remote mobile communication device for the Dexcom G4 Platinum
	CGMS. It uses a wireless connection to transmit glucose levels to
	designated smartphones through the device application.
Guardian®-RT (Real-Time)	Continued use for up to 3 days. With this system, the glucose sensor is
CGMS System	inserted under the skin and connects directly to the transmitter. Glucose
	levels are automatically transmitted wirelessly to the system monitor.
Paradigm® Real-Time System	This device integrates a continuous glucose monitor with a Paradigm insulin
Paradigm® Real –Time Revel™	pump and features predictive alerts. The second generation integrated
System	system is the Paradigm® Real-Time Revel™ system. Paradigm real-time FDA
	approved in 3/2006.
MiniMed® Continuous Glucose	FDA approved in 1999 for use in the provider office, 3 day use.
Monitoring System (CGMS®)	
Medtronic MiniMed® 530G	This system (low glucose suspend) is integrated with an insulin pump, and
with Enlite®	the CGM works by automatically suspending insulin delivery if the sensor
	glucose value is equal to or below the programmed low threshold value.
My Sentry™ Remote Glucose	This monitor is intended to be placed in one room (e.g., the parents' room)
Monitor (investigational)	where it can display the CGM readings and deliver customized caregiver
	alerts. A second monitor (outpost) is in the diabetic's room (e.g., child's
	room) and relays the CGM data to the monitor. This system is an add-on for
	the Paradigm® Real-Time Revel™ System.
FreeStyle Navigator® CGM	The sensor normally is worn for up to 5 days, then it is disposed and
System	replaced with a new sensor. Glucose levels are measured continuously
	once per minute to a receiver. The early warning alarms indicate high/low
	glucose levels in 10, 20, or 30 minutes in advance. Glucose information can

be stored up to 60 days for the patient or a health care provider for
analysis. FDA approved in 3/2008.

#### **CMS**

CMS considers CGM precautionary and therefore not covered under the DME benefit.

## **CODING REQUIREMENTS**

#### **Procedure Codes**

<b>HCPCS Codes</b>	Description
A9276	Sensor; invasive (e.g., subcutaneous), disposable, for use with interstitial continuous
	glucose monitoring system, one unit = 1 day supply
A9277	Transmitter; external, for use with interstitial continuous glucose monitoring system
A9278	Receiver (monitor); external, for use with interstitial continuous glucose monitoring
	system

Sensors used with a continuous glucose monitoring device, or a combination infusion and monitoring device, are limited to a 90-day supply purchase every 90 days.

- Code A9276 is reimbursable per unit; one unit equals one day supply
- Code A9277 (transmitter device) is limited to the device manufacturer's recommended replacement guidelines, not to exceed 4 in 12 months. Note: Transmitter devices with non-replaceable batteries (e.g., silver oxide) may require more frequent replacement (e.g., every 6 months).
- Code A9278 (receiver device) is limited to one device in a 12-month period

## Non-covered Procedure Code

All requests for this service must be referred to a Medical Director for review.

<b>HCPCS Code</b>	Description
S1034	Artificial pancreas device system (e.g., low glucose suspend (LGS) feature) including
	continuous glucose monitor, blood glucose device, insulin pump and computer
	algorithm that communicates with all of the devices

## **Diagnosis Codes**

ICD-10 Codes Age 25 and	Description
older	
E08.39	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
E08.40	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic neuropathy unspecified
E08.41	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic mononeuropathy
E08.42	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic polyneuropathy
E08.43	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic autonomic (poly) neuropathy
E08.44	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic amyotrophy

E08.49	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic neurological complication
E08.51	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without gangrene
E08.610	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E08.618	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic arthropathy
E08.620	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with foot ulcer
E08.622	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other skin ulcer
E08.628	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other skin complications
E08.630	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with periodontal disease
E08.638	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other oral complications
E08.641	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hypoglycemia with coma
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
E08.69	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other specified complication
E08.8	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with unspecified complications
E08.9	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition without complications
E09.01	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity with coma
E09.10	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma
E09.11	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis with coma
E09.21	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E09.311	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy
	with macular edema
E09.319	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic with
	retinopathy without macular edema
E09.39	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
E09.40	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E09.41	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with diabetic mononeuropathy
E09.42	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with diabetic polyneuropathy
E09.43	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with diabetic autonomic (poly) neuropathy
E09.44	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with diabetic amyotrophy
E09.49	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with other diabetic neurological complication
E09.51	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without gangrene
E09.610	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E09.618	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy
E09.620	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
E09.622	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E09.628	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E09.630	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E09.638	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other oral complications

E09.649 Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma E09.65 Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia E09.69 Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other specified complication E09.8 Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified complication E10.9 Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with out complication E10.10 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma E10.11 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma E10.21 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney complication E10.311 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with macular edema E10.312 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without macular edema E10.330 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract E10.39 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic cophthalmic complication E10.40 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified E10.51 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic arthropathy E10.620 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis E10.620 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy E10.620 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer E10.621 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications E10.638 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications E10.639 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications E10.640 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications E10.650 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications E10.661 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications E10.663 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complication E10.664 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma E10.665 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma E10.666 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication E10.67 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication E10.68 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication E10.69 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication E10.69 Type 1 diabet		
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Type 1 diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer  E10.622 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer  E10.628 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications  E10.630 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease  E10.638 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications  E10.641 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma  E10.649 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma  E10.65 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia  E10.69 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication  E10.8 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complication  E10.9 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with without complication  E10.9 Type 1 diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium  D24.0 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy  D24.011 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, first trimester  D24.012 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, second trimester  D24.013 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  D24.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  D24.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  D24.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester	E10.618	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy
Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer  E10.628 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications  E10.630 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease  E10.638 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications  E10.641 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma  E10.649 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma  E10.65 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia  E10.69 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication  E10.8 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complication  E10.9 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with without complication  O24.0 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium  O24.01 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy  O24.011 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, second trimester  O24.012 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, third trimester  O24.013 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  O24.019 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  O24.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  O24.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester	E10.620	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications Type 1 diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease E10.638 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications E10.641 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma E10.649 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma E10.65 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia E10.69 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication E10.8 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complication E10.9 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with without complication O24.0 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium O24.01 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy O24.011 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, second trimester O24.012 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, third trimester O24.013 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester O24.019 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester O24.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester	E10.621	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
Type 1 diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease  E10.638 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications  E10.641 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma  E10.649 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma  E10.65 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia  E10.69 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication  E10.8 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complication  E10.9 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with without complication  O24.0 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium  O24.01 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy  O24.011 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, first trimester  O24.012 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, second trimester  O24.013 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  O24.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  O24.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester	E10.622	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
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Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma  E10.649 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma  E10.65 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia  E10.69 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication  E10.8 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complication  E10.9 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with without complication  E10.9 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium  O24.01 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy  O24.011 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, first trimester  O24.012 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, second trimester  O24.013 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, third trimester  O24.019 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  O24.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in childbirth	E10.630	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
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Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication  E10.8 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complication  E10.9 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with without complication  O24.0 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium  O24.01 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy  O24.011 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, first trimester  O24.012 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, second trimester  O24.013 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, third trimester  O24.019 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  O24.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in childbirth	E10.649	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
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Type 1 diabetes mellitus with without complication  Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium  Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy  Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, first trimester  Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, second trimester  Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, third trimester  Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester  Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in childbirth	E10.69	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
O24.0 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium O24.01 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy O24.011 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, first trimester O24.012 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, second trimester O24.013 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, third trimester O24.019 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester O24.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in childbirth	E10.8	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complication
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024.02 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in childbirth	024.013	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, third trimester
	024.019	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester
O24.03 Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in the puerperium	024.02	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in childbirth
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	024.03	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 1, in the puerperium

# Non-Covered Diagnosis Codes

Requests for the following procedures requires review by a Medical Director

ICD-10 Codes	Description
E16.9	Disorder of pancreatic internal secretion, unspecified [nesidioblastosis]
024.1	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 2, in pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium
024.11	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 2, in pregnancy, pregnancy
024.111	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 2, in pregnancy, first trimester

024.112	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 2, in pregnancy, second trimester
024.113	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 2, in pregnancy, third trimester
024.119	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 2, in pregnancy, unspecified trimester
024.12	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 2, in childbirth
024.13	Pre-existing diabetes mellitus, Type 2, in puerperium
024.4	Gestational diabetes mellitus
024.41	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy
024.410	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, diet controlled
024.414	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, insulin controlled
024.419	Gestational diabetes mellitus in pregnancy, unspecified control
024.42	Gestational diabetes mellitus in childbirth
024.420	Gestational diabetes mellitus in childbirth, diet controlled
024.424	Gestational diabetes mellitus in childbirth, insulin controlled
024.429	Gestational diabetes mellitus in childbirth, unspecified control
024.43	Gestational diabetes mellitus in the puerperium
O24.430	Gestational diabetes mellitus in the puerperium, diet controlled
024.434	Gestational diabetes mellitus in puerperium, insulin controlled
024.439	Gestational diabetes mellitus in puerperium, unspecified control
Z79.4	Long term (current) use of insulin

# REIMBURSEMENT

Participating facilities will be reimbursed per their Gateway Health™ contract.

# **SUMMARY OF LITERATURE**

Diabetes mellitus is a well-known chronic disabling disease that affects an estimated 26 million people in the United States (ADA, 2011.) The Diabetes Control and Complications Trial highlighted the importance of tightly controlling glycemia in order to prevent long-term complications (Fleisher et al, 1993).

Several devices have been developed that measure the glucose in the interstitial fluid that automatically measures glucose values twenty-four hours a day. The data produced show trends in glucose measurement in contrast to isolated glucose readings of traditional blood glucose monitoring.

Liles (2013) identified advantages and drawbacks of CGM. Advantages include: display of blood sugar level every few minutes; the device can be set to alarm at specific glucose levels; it can be of benefit for patients with hypoglycemic unawareness. Disadvantages are: CGM sensors are not as accurate or have inconsistent results compared to traditional blood glucose meters; the device can alarm based on incorrect glucose readings; finger stick blood glucose level monitoring is still required; and the costs associated with CGM are much greater than traditional blood glucose monitors.

The Endocrine Society (Klonoff et al., 2011) recommends that long-term personal use of CGM be used for the following:

- Adult patients with Type 1 diabetes who have HbA1c levels of at least 7.0% and who have demonstrated that they can use these devices on a nearly daily basis
- Adult patients with Type 1 diabetes who have HbA1c levels less than 7.0% and who have demonstrated that they can use these devices on a nearly daily basis

- Children and adolescents with Type 1 diabetes who have achieved glycosated hemoglobin levels below 7% to maintain target levels
- Children and adolescents with Type 1 diabetes who have glycosated hemoglobin levels that are greater than 7% who are able to sue the device on a nearly daily basis
- There is no recommendation for or against the use of CGM in children with Type 1 diabetes who are less than 8 years of age

The guidelines also suggest the intermittent use of CGM systems designed for short-term retrospective analysis in adult patients with Type 1 diabetes when there is a concern about the following:

- Nocturnal hypoglycemia, dawn phenomenon, and postprandial hyperglycemia
- Hypoglycemic unawareness
- Changes to a patient's diabetes regimen (e.g., instituting new insulin or switching from multiple daily injections (MDI) to pump therapy)

The authors noted that there is evidence that intermittent use of CGM systems designed for short-term retrospective analysis can provide additional insights in adults with Type 2 diabetes mellitus regarding glucose levels and the time in target range.

AACE/ACE clinical practice guidelines state that CGM may be considered for patients with Type 1 diabetes and Type 2 diabetes on basal-bolus therapy to improve A1C levels and reduce hypoglycemia. Although data from small-scale randomized trials and retrospective or prospective observational studies suggest CGM may provide benefits in insulin-using patients with Type 2 diabetes, additional research is needed before recommendations can be made regarding use in this patient population (Handelsman et al., 2015).

Nørgaard et al. (2013) reported on the largest and longest multicenter prospective observational study of continuous glucose monitoring with insulin infusion pumps, so called sensor-augmented pump therapy. The investigators reported on a 12-month observational study in patients with Type 1 diabetes treated with continuous subcutaneous insulin infusion (CSII), upon the introduction of continuous glucose monitoring (CGM). The study was conducted in 15 countries to document the real-life use of sensoraugmented pump therapy and assess which variables are associated with improvement in Type 1 diabetes management. Data from 263 patients (38% male; mean age, 28.0 ± 15.7 years [range, 1-69 years]; body mass index,  $23.3 \pm 4.9 \text{ kg/m}^2$ ; diabetes duration,  $13.9 \pm 10.7 \text{ years}$ ; CSII duration,  $2.6 \pm 3 \text{ years}$ ) were collected. Baseline mean glycated hemoglobin A1C (HbA1c) was 8.1 ± 1.4%; 82% had suboptimal HbA1c (≥ 7%). The investigators found that the average sensor use for 12 months was only 30% (range, 0-94%), and that sensor use decreased with time (first 3 months, 37%; last 3 months, 27%). The investigators found that there were significantly more patients with an HbA1c value of < 7.5% after 3 months of sensoraugmented pump therapy than at baseline (baseline, 29%; 3 months, 37%) However, the percentage of patients with an HbA1c value of < 7.5% decreased over the 12-month observation period, such that the percentage of patients with an HbA1c value of < 7.5% after 12 months was not statistically significantly higher than at baseline.

The 2016, Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes make the following recommendations:

- When used properly, CGM in conjunction with intensive insulin regimens is a useful tool to lower A1C in selected adults (aged ≥ 25 years) with Type 1 diabetes.
- Although the evidence for A1C lowering is less strong in children, teens and younger adults, CGM may be helpful in these groups. Success correlates with adherence to ongoing use of the device.
- CGM may be a supplemental tool to self-monitoring of blood glucose (SMBG) in individuals with hypoglycemia unawareness and/or frequent hypoglycemic episodes.
- Given variable adherence to CGM, assess individual readiness for continuing CGM use prior to prescribing.

• When prescribing CGM, robust diabetes education, training and support are required for optimal CGM implementation and ongoing use.

Updated guidelines were issued by The National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE) in 2015 regarding the use of continuous glucose monitoring in the management of pregnant women with diabetes. The guidelines include:

- Do not offer CGM routinely in pregnant women;
- Consider CGM for pregnant women on insulin therapy:
  - When the pregnant woman is having severe problematic hypoglycemia (with or without impaired awareness of hypoglycemia); or
  - When the pregnant woman has unstable blood glucose levels in order to minimize variability; or
  - When there is a need to gain insight about the variability of blood glucose levels.
- Support must be available for pregnant women who are using CGM from a member of the joint diabetes and antenatal care team with expertise in its use.

Golden et al. (2012) reported on a recent published meta-analysis comparing real-time CGM with SMBG in Type 1 diabetes showed a benefit of real-time CGM in improving glycemic control with no difference in hypoglycemia frequency; however, other non-glycemic outcomes were not reported. Prior studies suggest that those who benefit most are adults and individuals compliant with regular sensor use, but this needs to be confirmed. Clinicians can combine real-time CGM with CSII therapy in the form of a sensor-augmented pump. However, to our knowledge, there has not been a systematic review comparing sensor-augmented pump therapy (CSII and real-time CGM) with intensive insulin therapy (CSII or MDI) and SMBG.

Mauras et al. (2012) assessed the benefit of continuous glucose monitoring (CGM) in young children aged 4 to 9 years with Type 1 diabetes. A total of 146 children with Type 1 diabetes (mean age 7.5  $\pm$  1.7 years) were randomly assigned to CGM or to usual care. The primary outcome was reduction in HbA1c at 26 weeks by  $\geq$  0.5% without the occurrence of severe hypoglycemia. The primary outcome was achieved by 19% in the CGM group and 28% in the control group. Mean change in HbA1cwas -0.1% in each group. Severe hypoglycemia rates were similarly low in both groups. CGM wear decreased over time, with only 41% averaging at least 6 days/week at 26 weeks. There was no correlation between CGM use and change in HbA1c. The authors concluded that CGM in 4- to 9-year-olds did not improve glycemic control despite a high degree of parental satisfaction with CGM. This finding may be related in part to limited use of the CGM glucose data in day-to-day management and to an unremitting fear of hypoglycemia.

Matsuda and Brennan (2014) conducted a review of clinical trials to evaluate the efficacy of CGM for adolescents (aged 12 to 18 years) with Type 1 diabetes who used CGM versus SBMG alone. The searches spanned the time frame 2002 to 2012 and identified random controlled trials (RCTs) or quasi-RCTs that examined the number of hypoglycemic episodes (blood glucose < 70 mg/dL), and HbA1c levels. Only 2 RCTs (n=85) met the study inclusion criteria. The overall combined mean difference in HbA1c from baseline to 26 weeks between patients in both studies using CGM and those using SMBG alone was -0.11 (95% CI, -0.61 to 0.39; P = 0.674). Therefore, CGM was not significantly more efficacious than SMBG in these patients for controlling HbA1c. Both RCTs lacked age-specific data on hypoglycemia. However, 1 study found only 4 occurrences of severe hypoglycemia in the SMBG group, whereas the other RCT observed 14 events, 11 of which occurred in the CGM group. This analysis is limited by the fact that only 2 studies were eligible for inclusion to target the adolescent age group, and then only 1 outcome could be quantified. The review concluded that more evaluation is needed of the efficacy of CGM in the adolescent population, and in particular, studies that examine barriers to effectiveness in this age group.

Larson and Pinsker (2013) reported on the role of CGM in children with Type 1 diabetes. The study noted that there are many theoretical and demonstrated virtues of CGM in children with Type 1 diabetes,

however, many providers/clinics that care for these children do not have the time, clinical or financial support to facilitate the use of CGM in all patients. Issues such as clinicians who do not practice in large diabetic centers are not exposed to CGM and may feel intimidated, there is lack of sufficient time to coordinate with online systems and may have difficulty interpreting computer reports.

In addition, the major issue with CGM is encouraging consistent use of the device since children show waning adherence over time. Benefits of the CGM require that the device be utilized more than 70% of the time which is equivalent to  $\geq 5$  days per week. Patients and families do not always understand that the use of the CGM is often times more time consuming because the device forces the patient and family to constantly focus on diabetes care.

Some common problems seen with the use of CGM in children and adolescents include: painful sensor insertions, sensors do not adhere to the skin or cause irritation and there may be too many 'nuisance alarms' that do not agree with the traditional blood glucose monitors. Therefore, it is imperative that providers select appropriate pediatric patients for CGM use.

A pilot study conducted by Ahmet et al. (2011) was performed to determine the prevalence of nocturnal hypoglycemia (NH) in pediatric type 1 diabetes, to compare the prevalence of NH detected by continuous glucose monitoring (CGM) and self-monitored blood glucose (SMBG), and to compare the prevalence of NH using different thresholds. A total of twenty-five patients wore a continuous glucose monitor for 3 nights and also conducted SMBG. NH was defined with three thresholds: (1) <3.9 mmol/L; (2) <3.3 mmol/L; and (3) <2.9 mmol/L. The prevalence of NH with CGM was 68%, 52%, and 48% with the different thresholds. Of the 35 episodes of NH detected by CGM, 25 were not symptomatic and therefore not detected by SMBG. The mean difference in blood glucose between CGM and SMBG was -0.18 mmol/L (P = .35). The authors concluded that this study suggests that the prevalence of NH in pediatric patients with type 1 diabetes with conventional treatment may be as high as 68%, although this varied according to the method of detection and threshold used. Patients may benefit from CGM to detect asymptomatic NH. This study is limited by small sample size and a lack of randomization and control.

<b>Professional Societies</b>	Comments
American Diabetes Assoc. (ADA)	Recommended CGM in conjunction w/intensive insulin regimens in select Type 1 adults (at least 25); while poor evidence of lower A1c, CGM can be useful in children, teens and younger adults with adherence with the device; use as supplemental to tool to self-monitor blood glucose in pts with hypoglycemic unawareness and/or frequent hypoglycemic episodes
CMS	No covered because it is considered precautionary equipment. Since Medicare does not cover the CGM, supplies for the CGM are not covered.
Hayes 8/2016: CGM Systems	Review of 24 RCTs found the technology is reasonably safe but there is conflicting evidence concerning efficacy that is difficult to interpret. See summary below.

#### Haves Rating:

**B** – For the use of continuous glucose monitoring (CGM) in adults with Type 1 diabetes who have not achieved adequate glycemic control despite frequent self-monitoring of blood glucose (SMBG). This Rating reflects highly consistent findings that CGM is beneficial in studies in which data for pediatric and adult patients with Type 1 diabetes are combined, as well as some positive findings concerning the benefits of CGM in studies of only adult patients with Type 1 diabetes.

**C** – For the use of CGM in adults with Type 2 diabetes. This Rating reflects some positive but inconsistent findings concerning the benefits of CGM in this diabetic population.

- **C** For the use of CGM in children and adolescents with Type 1 diabetes who have not achieved adequate glycemic control despite frequent SMBG. This Rating reflects highly consistent findings that CGM is beneficial in studies in which data on pediatric and adult patients with Type 1 diabetes are combined, as well as somewhat consistent findings that CGM is not beneficial in studies of only pediatric patients with Type 1 diabetes.
- **D2** For the use of CGM in children and adolescents with Type 2 diabetes. This Rating reflects the paucity of evidence concerning use of CGM in this diabetic population.
- **D2** For the use of CGM in pregnant women with pre-gestational Type 1 or Type 2 diabetes, or with gestational diabetes. This Rating reflects the small number of available studies that evaluate CGM in pregnant women.

# Key for Hayes Ratings:

A	<b>Established benefit.</b> Published evidence shows conclusively that safety and impact on health outcomes are comparable to or better than standard treatment/testing. Long-term safety and impact on health outcomes have been established, and other important questions concerning application of the technology have been answered. Drugs, biologics, and devices with an A rating have FDA approval, but not necessarily for the specific clinical application(s) under consideration.
В	<b>Some proven benefit.</b> Published evidence indicates that safety and impact on health outcomes are at least comparable to standard treatment/testing. However, there are outstanding questions regarding long-term safety and impact on health outcomes, clinical indications, contraindications, optimal treatment/testing parameters, and/or effects in different patient subpopulations. Drugs, biologics, and devices with a B rating have FDA approval, but not necessarily for the specific clinical application(s) under consideration.
С	<b>Potential but unproven benefit.</b> Some published evidence suggests that safety and impact on health outcomes are at least comparable to standard treatment/testing. However, substantial uncertainty remains about safety and/or impact on health outcomes because of poor-quality studies, sparse data, conflicting study results, and/or other concerns.
D1	<b>No proven benefit and/or not safe.</b> Published evidence shows that the technology does not improve health outcomes or patient management for the reviewed application(s) or is unsafe.
D2	<b>Insufficient evidence.</b> There is insufficient published evidence to assess the safety and/or impact on health outcomes or patient management.

# Hypoglycemia Questionnaire

Question	Never	Rarely	Occasionally	Usually
I get tired or exhausted				
I forget things easily				
I feel sleepy during the day				
I get down or depressed				
I get down over nothing				
I have trouble concentrating				
I get nervous or shaky				
I easily get angry				
I eat or crave sweets, or once used to				
I awaken during the night				
Total				

#### **Scoring**

Total the number of checks in each column for RARELY, OCCASIONALLY, AND USUALLY and then calculate as follows:

Rarely (Total ) x 1=	
Occasionally (Total) x 2 =	
Usually (Total) x 3 =	
Total Score	

## If your **TOTAL SCORE** is:

Less than 8: Hypoglycemic disease is unlikely. Between 8 to 15: Hypoglycemic disease is possible. Above 15: Hypoglycemic disease is present.

# **POLICY SOURCE(S)**

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# **Policy History**

Date	Activity
11/28/2016	Initial policy developed
12/21/2017	QI/UM Committee Approval
05/01/2017	Provider effective date
06/21/2017	Revised policy: Added procedure code S1034 as non-covered code under the
	Procedure Code section
09/15/2017	Provider Notification